

**RWANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL**



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**105**

**NATIONAL EXAMINATION 2001/2002.**

**SUBJECT: MATHEMATICS II**

**OPTION: BIOLOGY - CHEMISTRY**

**DURATION: 3 HOURS**

**INSTRUCTIONS:**

- This paper consists of two sections A and B. Section A contains 14 short compulsory questions, which carry a total of 55 marks. Section B contains 5 questions out of which a candidate has to choose only three. Each question in section B carries 15 marks. All working should be shown on the answer sheet provided.
- Tables and/or calculators may be used.

### **SECTION A (55 marks)**

1. Find the first derivative of the function  $f$  defined by:

$$f(x) = \cos x - 3\sqrt[3]{x^2} - x e^{-x} \quad \text{(2marks)}$$

2. Consider the second degree equation in  $x$ :

$mx^2 - (m-1)x + 2m-2 = 0$ , where  $m$  is a real number. Find the values of  $m$  such that the equation has two distinct solutions less than 2. **(6marks)**

3. Solve the equation:  $\sin^2 x - \sin x - 2 = 0$ . **(5marks)**

4. Find the matrix  $\begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ u & v \end{bmatrix}$  such that  $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x & y \\ u & v \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

**(3marks)**

5. A numerical function  $f(x)$  is defined by:  $f(x) = \frac{1}{4} e^x \ln(e^{2x} - 1)$ .

Determine the domain of definition of  $f$  and find the coordinates of the points of intersection of the curve with the  $x$ -axis. **(4marks)**

6. In how many ways can three people sit in a car with 5 seats in such a way that (a) the car remains stationary. **(1mark)**

(b) one of them drives the car and all the three have driving permits? **(1mark)**

7. Solve the inequation  $\log(x-1) + \log(x+2) \leq 1$  **(4marks)**

8. Consider the function  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  defined by  $f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{|2-x|+x}$

(a) Study the continuity of the function at the point  $x = 2$ . **(2.5marks)**

(b) Write the equation of the asymptote to the curve of  $f(x)$ . **(1.5marks)**

9. Given the vectors  $\vec{u}(1, -1, 2)$ ,  $\vec{v}(2, 0, -1)$  et  $\vec{w}(3-x, 2, -3)$  in a space with a rectangular basis, find the value of  $x$  such that the vectors  $\vec{u}$ ,  $\vec{v}$  and  $\vec{w}$  are coplanar. **(3marks)**

10. Using Cramer's method solve the simultaneous equations:

$$\begin{cases} x + 4y + 6z = 0 \\ x + 2y + 2z = 2 \\ 3x - 2y - z = 5 \end{cases}$$

**(5marks)**

11. Evaluate  $\int_{-\frac{2}{3}}^{\frac{2}{3}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{16-9x^2}} dx$

**(4marks)**

12. Find the modulus and the argument of each of the solutions to the complex equation  $z^2 + (6\cos a)z + 9 = 0$ ,  $0 < a < \pi/2$ . **(6marks)**

13. Consider the parabola whose equation is  $y^2 = 4x$ . Write down the equation of the tangents to the parabola at symmetric points with reference to the focus of the parabola. **(4marks)**

14. Consider a game in which a player has chances of gaining or losing the first part. If a player gains a given part, the probability that he gains the next part is 0.6. If he loses a part, the probability that he loses the next part is 0.7. Let  $G_n$  represent the event "The player gains the  $n^{\text{th}}$  part";

$P_n$  represent the event "The player loses the  $n^{\text{th}}$  part".

(a) Determine the probabilities:  $p(G_1)$ ,  $p(G_2/G_1)$  and  $p(G_2/P_1)$ . Hence find the probability  $p(G_2)$ .

(b) Find the probability  $p(P_2)$ .

**(3marks in all)**

### SECTION B.

15. Five Companies that offer Security Services have proposed different salaries to people they want to employ. Let  $x$  be the proposed salary and  $y$  the number of candidates applying for a job. The table below shows the obtained data:

Company	Salary (RWF)	Number of Candidates
1	44,000	10
2	45,000	13
3	46,000	17
4	47,000	19
5	48,000	21

(i) Find the equation of the regression line of  $y$  as a function of  $x$ . **(12marks)**

(ii) Find the coefficient of linear correlation between  $x$  and  $y$ . **(3marks)**

16. Let  $(\vec{e}, \vec{u})$  be the basis of a real vector space  $(\mathbb{R}, V, +)$  with rectangular coordinates and whose vectors are:

$\vec{x} = a(3\vec{e} - 4\vec{u})$  and  $\vec{y} = b(\vec{e} + 3\vec{u})$  where  $a$  and  $b$  are non zero scalars.

(i) Can  $(\vec{x}, \vec{y})$  be a basis for the vector space  $V$  over  $\mathbb{R}$ ? **(7½marks)**

(ii) Suppose it is found to be true that  $(\vec{x}, \vec{y})$  can be a basis for the vectors space  $V$ , which relation must  $a$  and  $b$  verify such that the basis is rectangular? **(7½marks)**

17. For all natural whole numbers  $n$ , consider a numerical function  $f_n$  defined by  $f_n(x) = \frac{x^n}{1+x^2}$ , where  $x$  is a real number.

$$\text{Let } I_n = \int_0^1 f_n(t) dt.$$

(i) Evaluate  $I_1$  **(2marks)**

(ii) Evaluate  $I_1 + I_3$ , hence find the value of  $I_3$ . **(3marks)**

(iii) Show that  $I_{2p} + I_{2p+2} = \frac{1}{2p+1}$ , where  $p$  is a natural whole number. **(3marks)**

(iv) Evaluate  $I_2, I_4$  and  $I_6$ . **(6marks)**

18. Consider a polynomial with complex coefficients defined by  $f(z) = z^4 - 4(1+i)z^3 + 12iz^2 - 8i(1+i)z - 5$

(a) Find (i)  $f(1)$  **(2marks)**

(ii)  $f(i)$  **(2marks)**

(b) Solve the complex equation  $f(z) = 0$ . **(11marks)**

19. Make a complete analysis (study) of the numerical function  $f$  defined by  $f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$  and, using a scale of 1 unit to represent 2 cm, calculate the area of the region enclosed by the graph of the function and the lines  $x = 1$  and  $x = e\sqrt{e}$ . **(11marks + 4marks)**

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